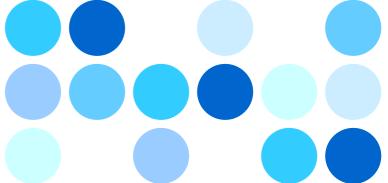




OMRON Corporation

Results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2005 (FY2004)
Business plan for the year ending March 31, 2006 (FY2005)

April 28, 2005





Contents



1.	Executive Summary	P 4
2.	Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2005	P 7
3.	Business Plan for the Year Ending March 31, 2006	P19
4.	Basic Policy on Distribution of Profits	P34
(R	eference)	
M	edium-Term Management Plan to Fiscal Year 2007	P36

Notes:

- 1. The financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 2. Includes 142 consolidated subsidiaries and 17 affiliated companies accounted for by the equity method.
- 3. Projections of results and future developments are based on information available to the Company at the present time, as well as certain assumptions judged by the Company to be reasonable. Various factors could cause actual results to differ materially from these projections. Major factors influencing Omron's actual results include, but are not limited to, (i) the economic conditions surrounding the Company's businesses in Japan and overseas, (ii) demand trends for the Company's products and services, (iii) the ability of the Omron Group to develop new technologies and new products, (iv) major changes in the fund-raising environment, (v) tie-ups or cooperative relationships with other companies, and (vi) movements in currency exchange rates and stock markets.



Main Business Areas



Business	Business Name	Abbrev.	Business Description
Industrial Automation	Industrial Automation Business	IAB	Manufacture and sale of control components for factory automation, etc.
Electronic Components	Electronic Components Business	ECB	Manufacture and sale of electronics components for home appliances, communications, mobile devices, etc.
Automotive Electronics	Automotive Electronic Components Business	AEC	Manufacture and sale of electronic components for automobiles
Social Systems	Social Systems Business*	SSB	Manufacture, sale and services for public transportation (automated passenger gates, etc.) and traffic and road management systems
Healthcare Equipment	Healthcare Business	НСВ	Manufacture and sale of medical devices (digital blood pressure monitors, etc.)
Others	Business Development Group/Others	Others	Exploration of new businesses, businesses not included in above

[•]The ATM businesses were transferred to Hitachi-Omron Terminal Solutions, Corp.(Joint Venture company: HITACHI:55% OMRON 45%) on October 1, 2004



1. Executive Summary



Executive Summary

Executive Summary



The business objective of phase 2 of Grand Design 2010(GD2010) is Balancing sales growth & earnings, Double the Total Business Value

Results for FY2004

- •FY2004 was the first year of GD2010 Phase 2
- 'Surpassed record high income of previous year, third consecutive year of sales and income growth

Net sales \(\frac{4}{6}08.6\) billion Operating income \(\frac{4}{5}6.1\) billion

'Sales growth excluding a extraordinary factor of the ATM business was 108%

(Sales of the ATM and other information equipment businesses transferred to JV on October 2004:

FY2003 \(\pm\)47.3b \(\text{FY2004 \(\pm\)27.0b\(\)

IAB,ECB,HCB achieved approx. 10% sales growth

FY 2004 dividends will increase to 24 ven 'EPS(Result) 126.5 ven Dividend payout ratio 19%

Plan for FY2005

- •FY2005 is the second year of GD2010 Phase 2
- Expect to achieve 4th consecutive year of sales and income growth

Net sales \(\frac{4}{625.0}\) billion \(\text{Operating income }\frac{4}{65.0}\) billion

- The forecast of sales growth excluding a extraordinary factor of the ATM business is 107% Sales expected to increase approx. 10% in all business segments except SSB
- · Extraordinary factors influencing operating income :
 - a. Sales decrease due to ATM business transfer to JV: ¥ 4.0 billion

 - b. Response to hazardous chemical substance regulations: $\frac{1}{4}$ -4.3 billion c. Income on return to government of a portion of the public pension managed by company: $\frac{1}{4}$ + 9.0 billion
- 'EPS (Forecast) 151.3 yen Keep dividends at 24 yen in FY 2005 Dividend payout ratio 16%

Progress of Medium-term Management Plan

- 'Total business value at the end of March 2005 was about \\$850b
- Business value as calculated by Omron is on track for the target of GD2010 Phase 2

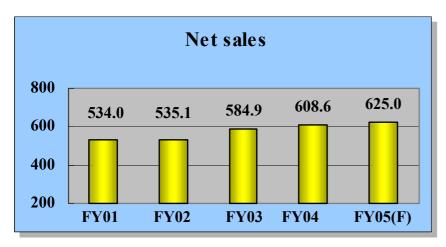


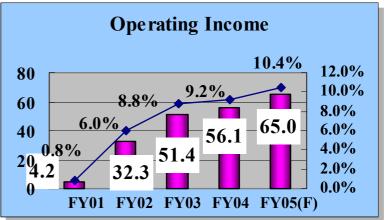
Summary of Consolidated Net Sales and Operating Income



Expect to 4th consecutive year of sales and income growth and to achieve new record of sales

	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005(F)
Net sales	534.0	535.1	584.9	608.6	625.0
Gross profit	180.5	207.7	240.1	249.8	256.0
Operating income	4.2	32.3	51.4	56.1	65.0
Operating income margin	0.8%	6.0%	8.8%	9.2%	10.4%
NIAT	-15.8	0.5	26.8	30.2	36.0
EPS (Yen)	-63.50	2.07	110.66	126.52	151.25
Exchange Rate					(billion yei
USD	125.7	122.1	113.4	107.3	100.0
EUR	110.9	121.1	132.4	135.0	130.0







2. Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2005

EUR

Statements of Income

Consolidated Profit and loss



(billion yen)

Net sales: \(\frac{1}{2}608.6b\), Operating income ratio: 9.2% Third consecutive year of sales and income growth

	FY2003	FY2004	YoY Change	FY2004	Change from Previous Forecasts % (2)/(3)
	(1)	(2)	% (2)/(1)	Previous Forecast*	
Net sales	584.9	608.6	104.1%	610.0	99.8%
Gross profit	240.1	249.8	104.0%	250.0	99.9%
SG&A expense	142.2	144.2	101.4%	144.0	100.2%
R&D expense	46.5	49.4	106.3%	49.0	100.9%
Operating income	51.4	56.1	109.2%	57.0	98.4%
NIBT	48.0	52.5	109.5%	53.5	98.2%
NIAT	26.8	30.2	112.6%	31.0	97.3%
Exchange Rate					(Yen)
US\$	113.4	107.3	-6.1	106.1	1.2

135.0

2.6

134.4

132.4

^{*}Previous forecasts released on January 31, 2005

Breakdown of Sales by Region and Business



IAB,ECB,AEC,HCB achieved approx. 10% sales growth Basically in line with our previous forecasts

					(billion yen)
	FY2003	FY2004	YoY Change	FY2004	Change from previous forecasts
By Region	(1)	(2)	(2)/(1) %	Previous Forecasts* (3)	(2)/(3) %
Japan	361.1	366.1	101.4%	369.5	99.1%
Overseas**	223.8	242.5	108.4%	240.5	100.8%
Total	584.9	608.6	104.1%	610.0	99.8%
**Overseas includes direct exports					
By Business	(1)	(2)	(2)/(1)	(3)	(2)/(3) %
IAB	229.6	250.3	109.0%	249.0	100.5%
ECB	89.0	101.1	113.6%	103.0	98.2%
AEC	58.8	64.6	109.7%	63.5	101.7%
SSB	136.0	115.2	84.7%	116.5	98.9%
НСВ	47.0	50.6	107.7%	51.0	99.2%
Others	24.5	26.8	109.4%	27.0	99.2%
Total	584.9	608.6	104.1%	610.0	99.8%

^{*}Previous forecasts released on January 31, 2005

Breakdown of Operating Income



IAB,ECB achieved a large income increase Basically in line our previous forecasts

By Business	FY2003 (1)	FY2004 (2)	YoY Change % (2)/(1)	FY2004 Previous Forecasts* (3)	Change from Previous Forecasts * % (2)/(3)
IAB	34.2	41.4	121.2%	41.5	99.8%
ECB	14.6	16.1	110.1%	16.5	97.4%
AEC	1.0	-0.9	_	0.3	_
SSB	10.4	6.4	62.0%	6.9	93.2%
НСВ	7.2	7.6	106.2%	8.0	95.2%
Others	3.8	3.8	99.8%	2.2	169.2%
HQ Cost/Eliminations	-19.7	-18.4	93.0%	-18.4	99.6%
Total	51.4	56.1	109.2%	57.0	98.4%

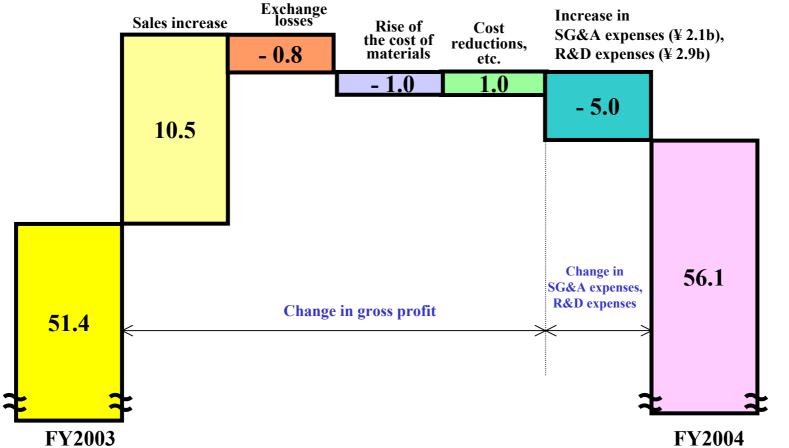
^{*}Previous forecasts released on January 31. 2005

Breakdown of Changes in Operating Income



Sales growth was the major factor in gross profit increase; ¥4.7b YOY increase in operating income





Results for the FY Ended Mar. 31, 2005

Segment Information IAB (Industrial Automation Business)



Manufacture and sale of control systems and equipment for factory automation and production machinery

Industrial Components (Temperature Controllers, Relays, Switches, Timers, counters, etc.) System Components (Programmable Logic Controllers, Motion Controllers, etc.) Sensors (Photoelectric/Proximity Sensors, Base Inspection Systems, etc.)

(billion yen)

(billion yen)				
IAB	FY2003	FY2004	YoY change %	
Japan	117.1	130.2	111.1%	
Overseas	112.5	120.1	106.8%	
North America	19.6	20.3	103.9%	
Europe	60.7	65.6	108.2%	
Asia	13.6	10.4	76.3%	*
Greater China	18.4	19.5	105.9%	
Exports	0.3	4.3	1672.1%	*
Total	229.6	250.3	109.0%	
				_
Operating income	34.2	41.4	121.2%	







*Figures for Korean sales subsidiary moved to exports (in 1st half)

Results for the FY Ended Mar. 31, 2005

Segment Information ECB (Electronic Components Business)

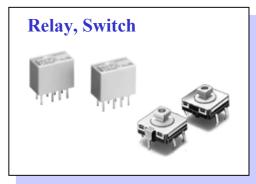


Manufacture and sale of electronic components for home appliances, communications, mobile phones, amusement components, OA

Relays, Switches, Connectors, Sensors, Micro Lens Arrays, Customized ICs, IC Coins, Optical Communications Devices, etc.

			(billion yell)
ECB	FY2003	FY2004	YoY change %
Japan	47.5	51.8	109.2%
Overseas	41.5	49.3	118.7%
North America	10.5	9.5	90.7%
Europe	10.4	12.0	115.4%
Asia	5.0	5.6	111.2%
Greater China	9.1	11.6	126.4%
Exports	6.6	10.7	163.6%
Total	89.0	101.1	113.6%
Operating income	14.6	16.1	110.1%







Results for the FY Ended Mar. 31, 2005

Segment Information AEC (Automotive Electronic Components Business)



Sensing tomorrow™

Manufacture and sale of automotive electronic components

Automotive Relays, Sensors, Laser Radars, Power Window Switches, Keyless Entry Systems, ECU, etc.

Net sales: \(\frac{1}{4}64.6b\); Operating income ratio: negative due to the aggressive investment for quality improvement and new product development; Strong sales in Europe and Asia

		(billion yell)
FY2003	FY2004	YoY change %
24.8	26.0	104.6%
34.0	38.6	113.5%
20.9	21.0	100.7%
4.0	5.4	134.4%
8.8	11.9	135.5%
0.0	0.0	—
0.3	0.3	85.4%
58.8	64.6	109.7%
1.0	-0.9	_
	24.8 34.0 20.9 4.0 8.8 0.0 0.3	24.8 26.0 34.0 38.6 20.9 21.0 4.0 5.4 8.8 11.9 0.0 0.0 0.3 0.3 58.8 64.6







Segment Information SSB (Social Systems Business*)



Manufacture and sale of equipment/modules, and provision of solutions and services in the fields of finance, public transportation and traffic/road management

Finance: ATMs, Cash Dispensers, Automated Bill Changers, etc.

Public Transportation: Passenger Gates, Ticket Venders, Fare Adjustment Systems, etc.

Traffic/Road Management, Signal Controllers, Road Management Systems, etc.

			(billion yen)
SSB	FY2003	FY2004	YoY change %
Japan	126.4	108.6	85.9%
Overseas	9.6	6.6	68.7%
North America	0.2	0.2	85.7%
Europe	0.9	0.4	40.6%
Asia	0.0	0.0	27.9%
Greater China	0.4	0.0	3.9%
Exports	8.0	6.0	74.6%
Total	136.0	115.2	84.7%
Operating income	10.4	6.4	62.0%







Results for the FY Ended Mar. 31, 2005

Segment Information HCB (Healthcare Business)



Manufacture and sale of home and professional healthcare equipment

Digital Blood Pressure Monitors, Digital Thermometers, Pedometers, Body Composition Analyzers (Body-fat Analyzers), Electronic Pulse Massagers, Chair Massagers, etc.

			(billion yen)
HCB	FY2003	FY2004	YoY change %
Japan	21.3	23.1	108.2%
Overseas	25.7	27.5	107.3%
North America	13.3	14.6	109.4%
Europe	8.3	8.9	106.5%
Asia	1.2	1.4	117.3%
Greater China	2.7	2.6	95.0%
Exports	0.1	0.1	107.4%
Total	47.0	50.6	107.3%
Operating income	7.2	7.6	106.4%







Results for the FY Ended Mar. 31, 2005

Consolidated Balance Sheets



Redemption of approx. \(\frac{1}{2}\)30.0b in convertible bonds at the end of Sept. 2004, etc. reduced cash and cash equivalents and short- \(\frac{1}{2}\) long-term debt; Stockholder's equity: over \(\frac{1}{2}\)300b Capital ratio: 52.2%

(billion yen)

	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004
Total Assets	567.4	592.3	585.4
Cash and cash equivalents	79.9	95.1	80.6
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	110.1	122.1	121.7
Inventories	75.5	70.3	68.6
Other current assets	29.7	28.8	25.0
Other assets	272.3	276.1	289.5
Total Liabilities	315.8	317.6	279.6
Bank Loans / Current portion of L/T debt	31.0	45.5	22.9
Long-term debt	40.3	11.2	1.8
Other liabilities	244.6	260.9	254.9
Shareholders' Equity	251.6	274.7	305.8

FY2004 Capital ratio (Stockholder's equity / Total assets): 52.2%

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows



Redemption of approx. \(\pmax30.0\)b in convertible bonds in Sept., etc. increased cash out in financial activities

	FY2001	FY2002	FY2003	FY2004
Net cash provided by operating activities	33.7	41.9	80.7	61.1
Net cash used in investing activities	-40.1	-30.6	-34.5	-36.1
Free cash flow	-6.4	11.3	46.2	25.0
Net cash used in financing activities	12.1	2.0	-28.1	-40.7
Effect of exchange rate changes	3.6	-0.1	-2.9	1.2
Net increase (decrease)	-14.8	9.1	15.1	-14.4
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	70.8	79.9	95.1	80.6



3. Business Plan for the Year Ending March 31, 2006



Fiscal Year 2005 Management Policy



FY 2005 Policy

Achieving a robust profit structure

Basic stance

Milestones for achieving second-phase goals
Accelerating unceasing promotion of structural reform
Achieving sales and profit increases
Implementing aggressive investments wherever necessary

Fiscal Year 2005 Exchange Rate and Operating Environment Assumption Sensing tomorrow™



Operating Environment

IAB	'Inventory adjustment of digital consumer electronic will accelerate in Japan. 'Favorable capital investment in automotive industries in Japan, overseas markets will remain strong
ECB	'Despite a business slowdown in Japan and overseas due to inventory adjustment, in economic recovery is projected for the second half of FY2005.
AEC	'Global automobile unit production is trending upward. 'Sales growth expected to become more dependent on electronic controls for automobile
SSB	· Decrease due to subsiding demand of new bank note ·Growth from stronger demand for making cards IC-compatible
НСВ	'Market of blood pressure monitors and body composition monitors will continue very strong 'Growth in North America's market

Exchange Rate

(Yen)

	FY 2004 Actual	FY 2005 Est.
US \$	107.3	100.0
EUR	135.0	130.0

Consolidated Income Statements Forecast



Expect to achieve 4th consecutive year of sales and income growth. Sales and income expected to set new records, with operating income ratio over 10%

	FY 2003	FY2004	FY2005 Forecast	YoY Change %
Net sales	584.9	608.6	625.0	102.7%
Gross profit	240.1	249.8	256.0	102.5%
SG&A	142.2	144.2	150.0	104.0%
R&D	46.5	49.4	50.0	101.1%
Operating income	51.4	56.1	65.0	115.8%
NIBT	48.0	52.5	63.0	119.9%
NIAT	26.8	30.2	36.0	119.3%
ROE	10.2%	10.4%	10.8%	+0.4P

Sales Forecast by Region and Business



Sales growth forecast excluding the ATM business: 107% (Japan 104% overseas 112%)
Sales growth in the AEC and ECB segments will be over 10%.

By Region	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005 Forecast	YoY Change %
Japan	361.1	366.1	358.0	97.8%
Overseas	223.8	242.5	267.0	110.1%
Total	584.9	608.6	625.0	102.7%
**Overseas includes direct exp	orts			
By Business	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005	%
IAB	229.6	250.3	267.5	106.9%
ECB	89.0	101.1	114.0	112.7%
AEC	58.8	64.6	72.0	111.5%
SSB	136.0	115.2	91.0	79.0%
НСВ	47.0	50.6	54.0	106.8%
Others	24.5	26.8	26.5	98.9%
Total	584.9	608.6	625.0	102.7%

Forecast of Consolidated Operating Income



Continued strong growth forecast for IAB, ECB and HCB;
Profit growth forecast for AEC
Income expected to set new record including of return of substitutional portion

By Business	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005 Forecast	YoY Change %
IAB	34.2	41.4	42.0	101.4%
ECB	14.6	16.1	16.0	99.6%
AEC	1.0	-0.9	2.5	—
SSB	10.4	6.4	3.0	46.7%
НСВ	7.2	7.6	8.5	111.5%
Others	3.8	2.8	2.0	52.6%
HQ Cost/Eliminations	-19.7	-18.4	*-9.0	49.0%
Total	51.4	56.1	65.0	115.8%

^{*} HQ Cost/Eliminations is included income on return to the government of portion of the public pension managed by the company

[•] From FY 2005, business companies' operating income margin will decrease from 0.2 - 0.6% due to a partial transfer of HQ costs.

Forecast for Capital Expenditures and Depreciation



Strengthening core business such as IAB with capital investment; Particularly strong investment in high potential AEC

	FY2003	FY2004	FY2005 (Forecast)
IAB	7.3	8.8	10.0
ECB	7.1	9.1	10.0
AEC	9.0	7.6	11.5
SSB	3.2	4.1	3.5
НСВ	1.9	2.1	1.8
Other	9.5	5.8	5.2
Total capital expenditures	38.0	37.4	42.0
Depreciation	27.7	28.6	30.0

Extraordinary factor influencing operating income OMRON Response to hazardous chemical substance regulations



Response to hazardous chemical substance regulations will be completed by the end of March, 2006. The cost increase will be \(\frac{1}{2}\).8b compared with the previous year, and we will accelerate elimination of toxics.

Cost of response to regulated chemicals

FY2004 ¥1.5 billion



FY2005 (Forecast) ¥4.3 billion

Examples of OMRON's measures

Elimination of toxics in manufacturing process

- Free solder of lead
- Free electroplated contact of relays and switches of cadmium

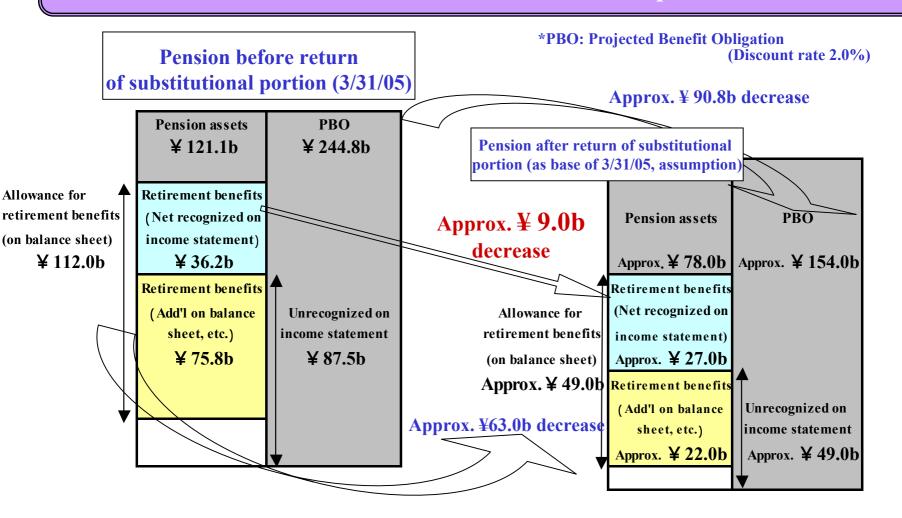
Elimination of toxics in purchased parts

•Free plating for prevention of rust of hexavalent chromium

Constructing a mechanism for incorporating environmental protection in the development and design phase

Extraordinary factor influencing operating income Income on return to government of a portion of the public pension managed by company Sensing tomorrow

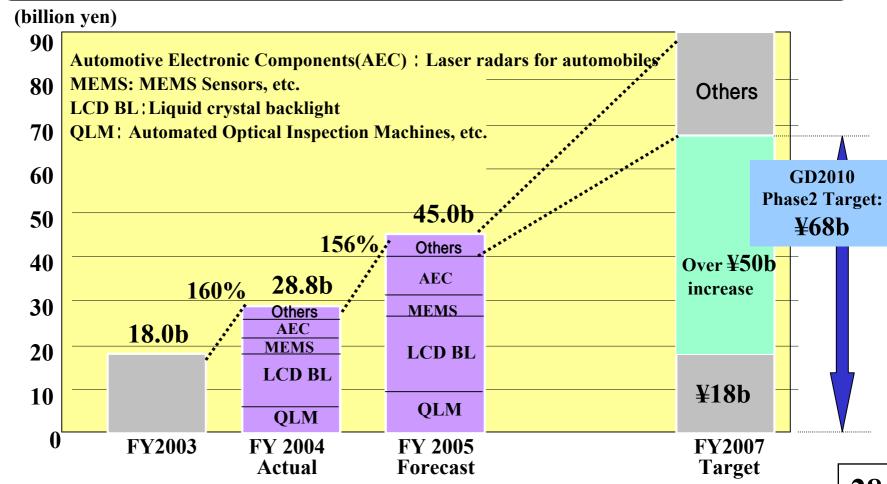
Return of substitutional portion of pension reduced PBO* by \S 90.8b, Forecast income of return of substitutional potion : \S 9.0b



Progress of Key Strategic Themes Sales Growth in New Tech Fields



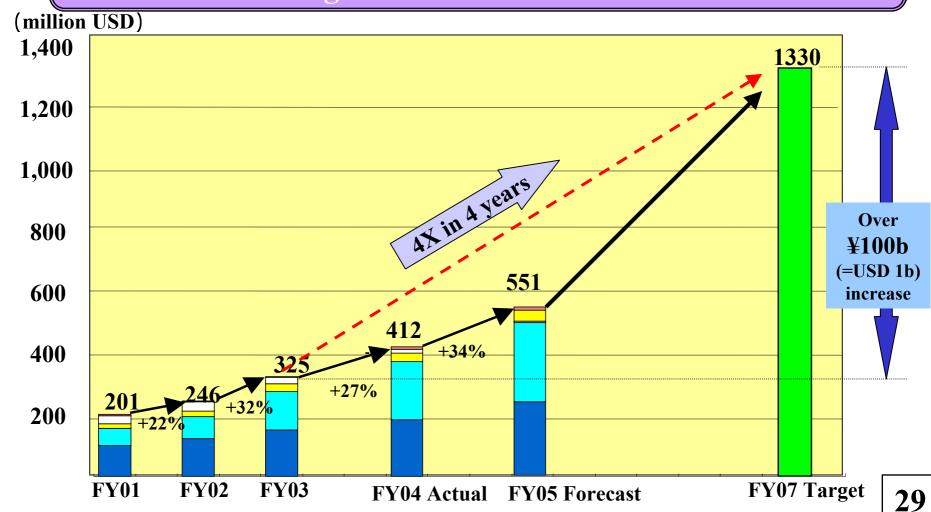
Forecast sales in new tech fields is ¥45b in FY2005 Sales growth will be continuously over 50% toward the FY2007 target



Progress of Key Strategic Themes Sales Growth in Greater China



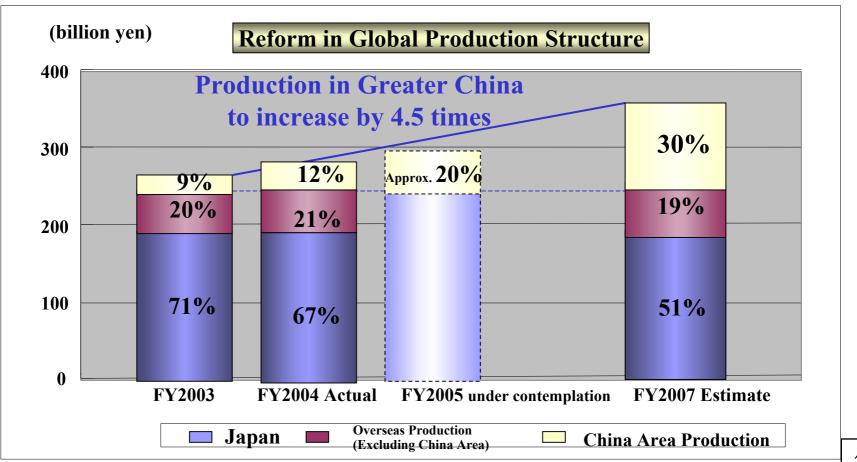
Forecast sales growth in Greater China is USD551m in FY2005 Aiming at USD1330m sales in FY2007



Progress of Key Strategic Themes Global Production Reform



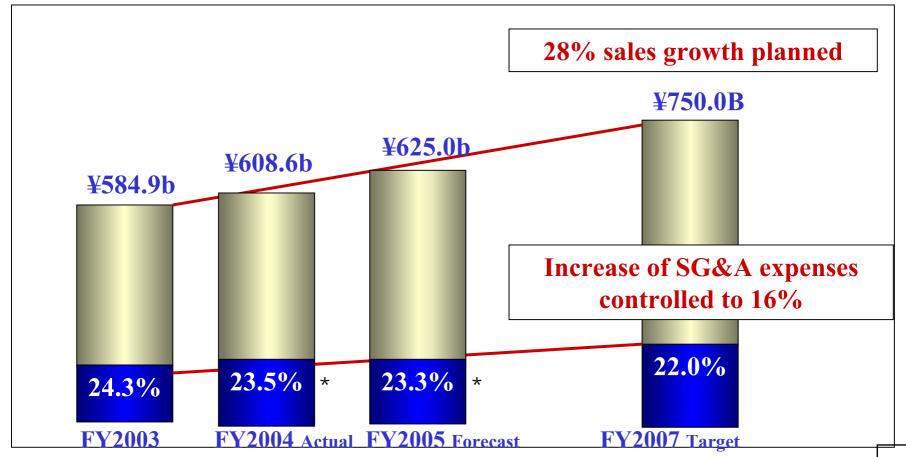
Continue the shift manufacturing to Greater China, to achieve the goal of reducing consolidated manufacturing cost ratio to 15%; The production in Greater China is expanding in FY2005, to reach approx.30% in FY 2007



Progress of Key Strategic Themes SG&A Expenses Reform



Toward target of SG&A expense ratio of 22.0% in FY2005 Continuously reduce SG&A expense in business and headquarters section



^{*} Excluding extraordinary factor of response to hazardous chemical substance regulations in FY2004 and FY2005

Progress of Sales and Operating Income Plan



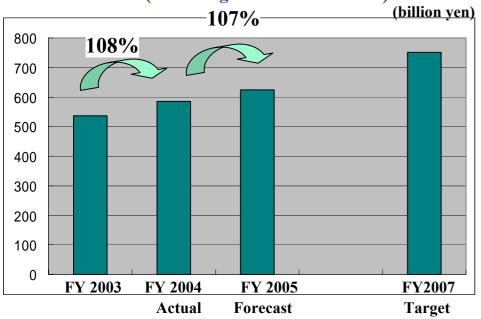
Sales growth near double digits to meet target in FY 2007.

Sales growth excluding the ATM business:

108% (FY2004 Actual), 107%(FY2005 Forecast)

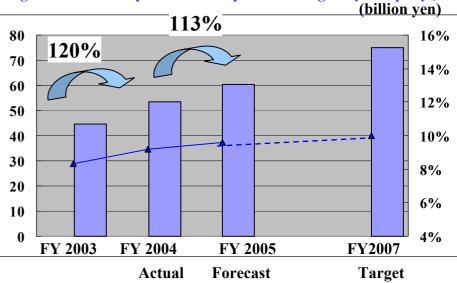
Net sales

(excluding the ATM business)



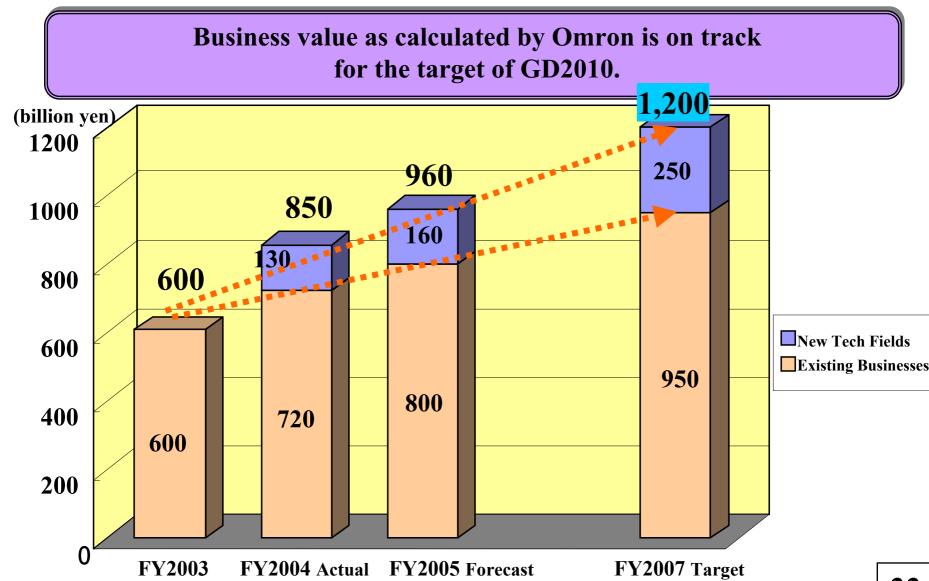
Operating income

(excluding the ATM business, response to hazardous chemical substance regulations and income on return to government of a portion of the public managed by company)



Progress of Medium-Term Plan "Double the Total Business Value"









4. Basic Policy on Distribution of Profits



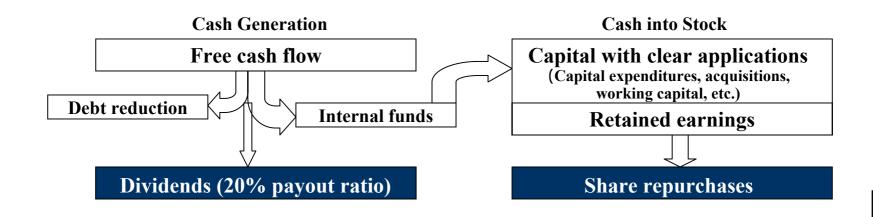
Basic Policy on Distribution of Profits



Omron will increase cash dividends for FY 2004 to 24 yen per share. Expect to keep cash dividends at 24 yen per share in FY 2005.

Basic Policy on Distribution of Profits

- 1. Place top priority internal funds for growth investments to raise corporate value
- 2. Return surplus earnings to shareholders to the extent possible after considering the free cash flow level
- 3. Target payout ratio of approx. 20% of consolidated net income for annual dividends; however, in the event of a downturn in results, maintain a stable, long-term annual dividend of \mathbb{\pmathbb{\text{4}}10}
- 4. Over the long-term, use retained earnings to flexibly provide returns to shareholders, including share repurchases





(Reference)

Excerpt from the materials of presentation on Feb. 1, 2005

Medium-Term Management Plan to Fiscal 2007

Vision of GD2010 (Long-Term Management Plan)



"Small but Global" Omron should be recognized as a global leading company

GD 2 0 1 0

Management Objectives:

Maximizing long-term corporate value

By FY2010

To become a high-growing company with rigid profitability base

Goal in the 1st stage

To establish a structure of high profitability, and achieve ROE 10% as of 03/2005



ROE 10.2% was achieved as of 03/2004

Goal of the 2nd stage



The 2nd stage goal is directly linked to "maximizing corporate value": "Double the Total Business Value"

GD2010 Long-Term Management Objectives Maximizing long-term corporate value Enhancing brand value Medium-Term Management Goal (FY07) Double the Total Business Value of FY03 Corporate **Brand** Corporate Total business value expenses value value **Business C** value Corporate **Business B** value **Total business value** value **Business A** value

One scenario to "Double the Total Business Value"



A business value of \(\frac{\pma}{250}\)b is created in new technological fields, and the business value in existing fields increases to \(\frac{\pma}{950}\)b

FY 2003

Total business value: \$600b

FY 2007

Total business value: ¥1,200b Scenario for New Technological Fields> Scenario for Existing + China Market> Increase business value to ¥950b (1.6 times that of FY2003) Establish new business areas that generate over ¥68b sales and over 20% FCF growth (Structural Reform in Business Domains) Sales are received with Creater Profitability improvement in existing

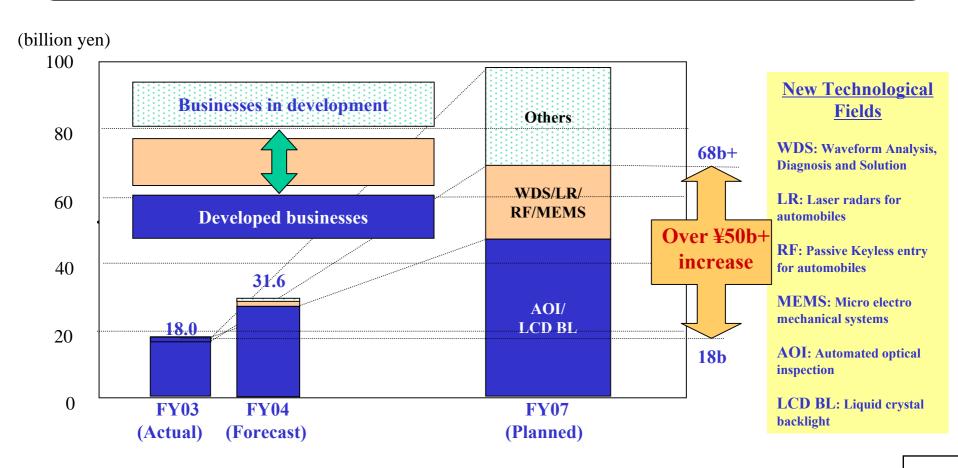
Sales expansion over \(\frac{1}{2}100 \text{b in Greater} \)
China area=
Structural Reform in Business Domains

Profitability improvement in existing area by executing of Operational Structural Reform

New Technological Fields Growth strategy based on technology



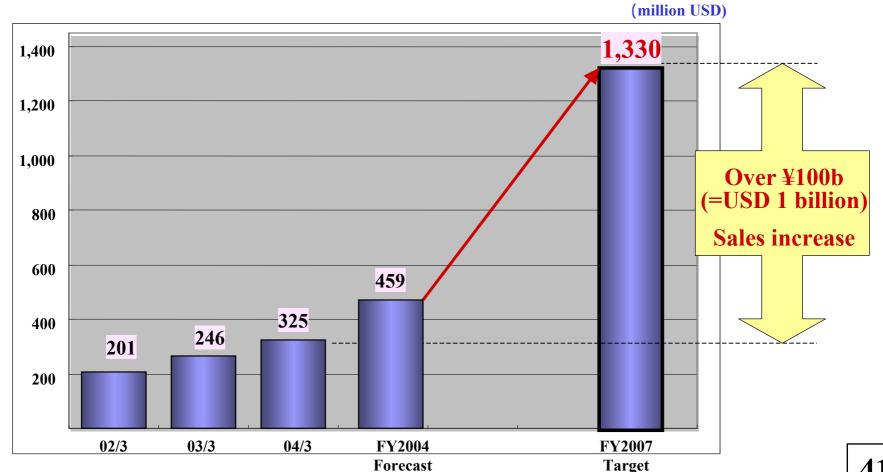
Aiming at ¥50b sales increase from FY03 based on our unique technologies and products, most of which are already launched in the market and established a track record



One scenario for Existing + China Market Achieve ¥100b sales growth in Greater China



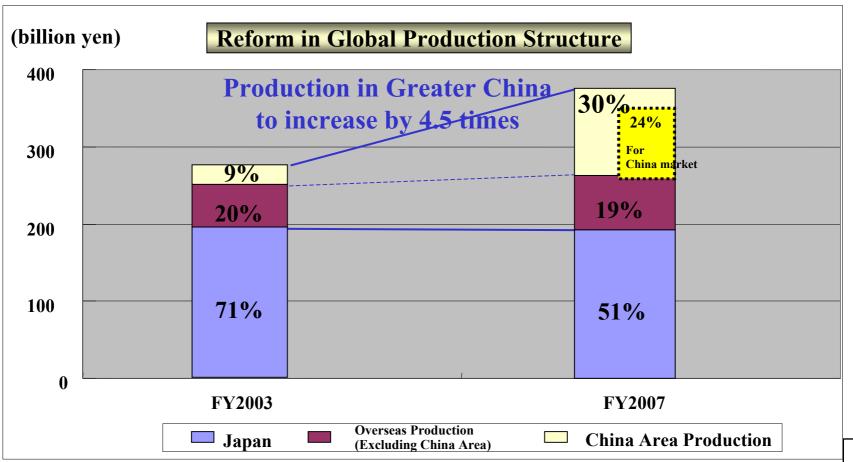
Generate additional ¥10b OP by achieving about ¥100b sales increase from FY2003 in Greater China (Structural Reform #2 in Business Domain)



Existing + China Market Promoting Global Production Reform



Decrease consolidated manufacturing cost ratio by 2% through increasing of production ratio in Greater China to about 30% in FY2007 (Operational Structural Reform #1)



Existing + China Market Promoting SG&A Expenses Reform

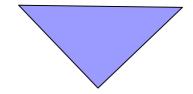


Decrease SG&A expense ratio by 2% in business and headquarters section (Operational Structural Reform #2)

Management resources in the group are intensively shifted to fields where high growth are expected; And SG&A expenses ratio is improved over 2% in FY2007 compared with FY2003 by control of growth rate of SG&A expenses in entire group



Re-distribution of management resources in the entire group



Productivity reformation mainly in business and staff department

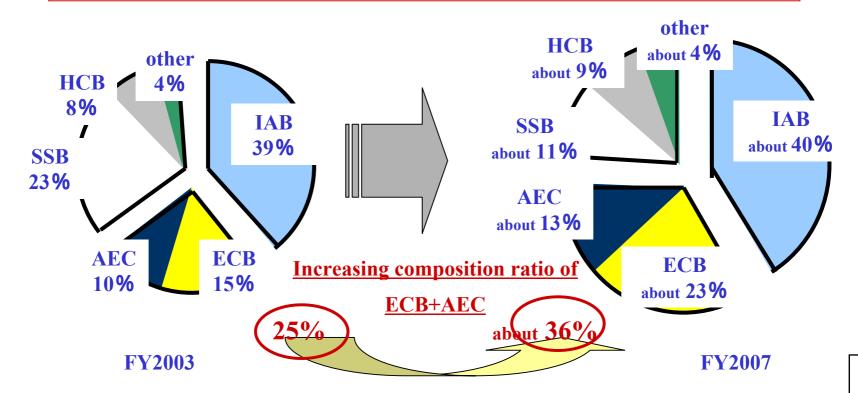
Establishment of Business Structure to Cope with Economic Fluctuations



To achieve high growth in ECB and AEC; Offsetting the decrease in SSB sales* and establishing another pillar comparable to IAB

*Due to transfer of SSB financial equipment business to a joint venture company in October 2004

Achievement of "Balancing sales growth & earnings"



Summary of Consolidated PL Scenario in FY2007



To achieve high growth in sales and attain over 10% of profits margin (ROS/ROIC/ROE) through business restructuring

(billions of yen)	12 mounths	12 months	
	ended	ending	Sales
	03/2004	03/2008	Ratio
	Actual	Target	
Net sales	584.9	750.0	100.0%
Gross profit	240.1	300.0	40.0%
SG&A expenses	142.2	165.0	22.0%
R&D expenses	46.5	60.0	8.0%

Net Sales 584.9b	+50h +100b	750.0b	New Technological Fields China Market (billion yen)
FY2003		FY2007	_



