## OMRON Announces Adjustment to Fiscal 2008 Consolidated Performance Forecast

Tokyo, Japan - OMRON Corporation (TSE: 6645; ADR: OMRNY) today announced an adjustment to its consolidated performance forecast for fiscal 2008 (April 1, 2008- March 31, 2009), which was originally announced with fiscal 2007 results on April 28, 2008. Details are as follows.

1. Adjustment to FY08 Consolidated Results Forecast (April 1, 2008 - March 31, 2009)
(Millions of yen)

|  | Net sales | Operating <br> income | Net income <br> before income <br> taxes | Net income |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Previous forecast (A) <br> (Announced on April 28, 2008) | 780,000 | 60,000 | 59,000 | 36,500 |
| Revised forecast (B) | 725,000 | 36,000 | 33,000 | 20,500 |
| Difference (B)-(A) | $(55,000)$ | $(24,000)$ | $(26,000)$ | $(16,000)$ |
| Difference (\%) | $(7.1 \%)$ | $(40.0 \%)$ | $(44.1 \%)$ | $(43.8 \%)$ |
| Result for the previous period | 762,985 | 65,253 | 64,166 | 42,383 |
| Result for the previous period (\%) | $(5.0 \%)$ | $(44.8 \%)$ | $(48.6 \%)$ | $(51.6 \%)$ |

## 2. Reasons for Adjustment to FY08 Consolidated Results Forecast

The economic outlook appears increasingly uncertain, with sharp exchange rate fluctuations and the strength of the yen contributing to a challenging business environment. In markets related to the Omron Group, conditions are expected to become more difficult with the impact of factors including reduced capital investment by domestic manufacturers, weaker demand for electronic components for consumer and commercial equipment, and production cutbacks in the automobile industry, particularly in the United States. Given these conditions, Omron has revised its consolidated performance forecast from the figures announced on April 28, 2008.

The assumed exchange rates for the third quarter and beyond, which have been used in the performance forecast for the full fiscal year, are USD 1 = JPY 95 and EUR 1 = JPY 120.

Note: The figures above have been calculated based on the information currently available to management. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from expectations.

