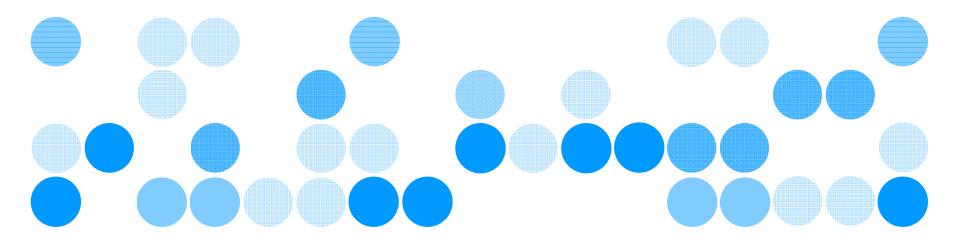


Nomura Investment Forum 2012 Generation of Corporate Value



December 6, 2012 OMRON Corporation



Yoshihito YAMADA

- <u>Apr. 1984</u> Joined Tateisi Electric Manufacturing Co., currently Omron Corporation Worked in sales and marketing departments
- Oct. 2001 Vice-President of Omron Healthcare Inc. (USA)
- <u>Apr. 2003</u> President of Omron Healthcare Europe B.V.
- <u>June 2008</u> Executive Officer and President and Representative Director of OMRON Healthcare Co., Ltd.
- <u>Mar. 2010</u> Senior General Manager of Corporate Strategy Planning HQ of OMRON Corporation
- June 2010 Managing Officer of the Company
- <u>June 2011</u> President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company (to present)



Yoshihito YAMADA, President and CEO

Generation of Corporate Value



Omron is working on (1) Business growth (2) Better investment efficiency focusing on management indicators, and (3) Stronger corporate structure that can better respond to external changes.

Business Growth
Stronger Management
Response to Changes

Higher Corporate Value



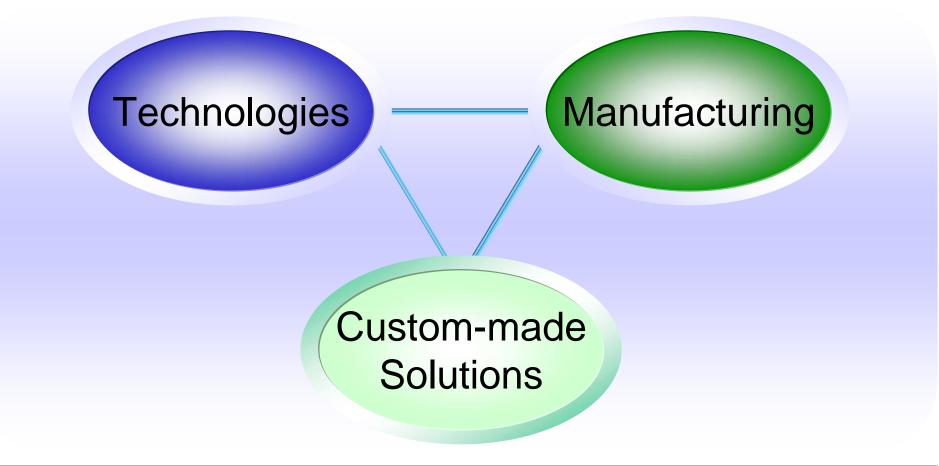
Generation of Corporate Value 1. Business Growth 2. Stronger Management

3. Response to Changes

1. Business Growth: Omron's Strengths



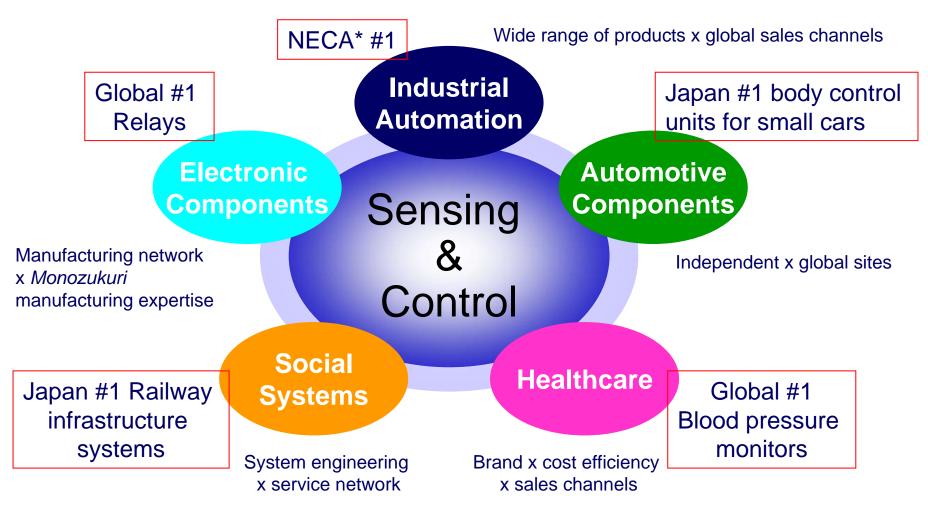
- Technologies (Sensing & Control) & Manufacturing
- Custom-made solutions: Develops its own technologies into valuable solutions to each customer



1. Business Growth: Core Businesses' Strengths



Each business segment has unique strengths and high market share.



*NECA: Nippon Electric Control Equipment Industries Association

1. Business Growth: VG2020 GLOBE STAGE Tasks Omron

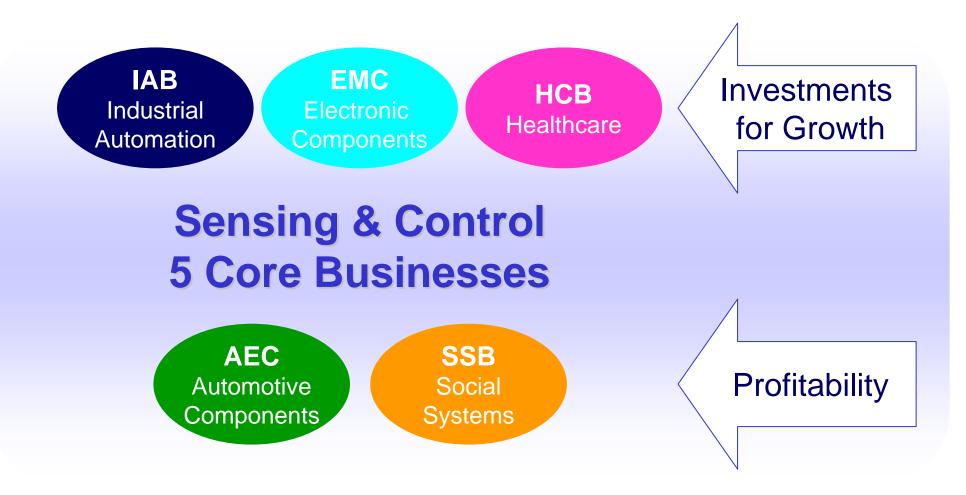
Establishment of structures to realize profit and growth, prioritizing the core Industrial Automation business.



1. Business Growth: Main Business Portfolio



- Focus on IA (IAB & EMC) and Healthcare Businesses
- AEC & SSB: Profitability improvement first

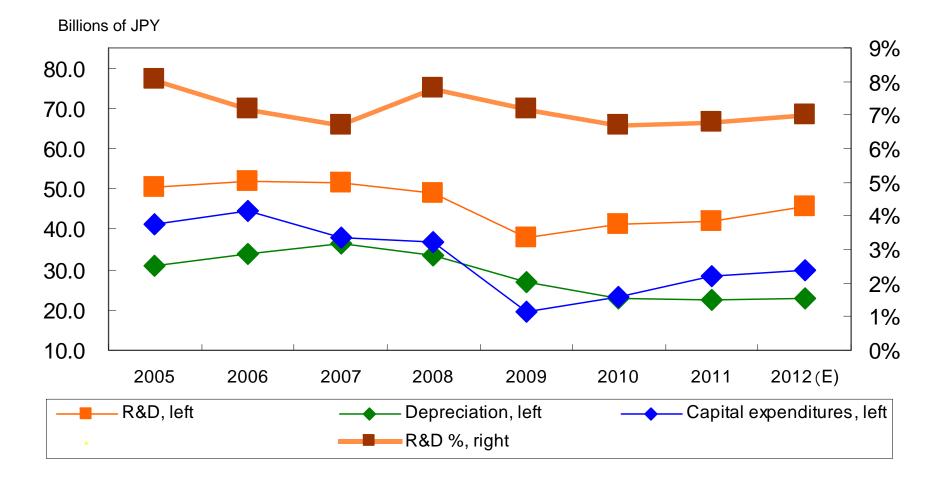


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1. Business Growth: Capital & R&D Investments



Omron will continue capital and R&D investments, which are indispensable for future growth.





Generation of Corporate Value 1. Business Growth

2. Stronger Management

3. Response to Changes

2. Management: Financial Indicators

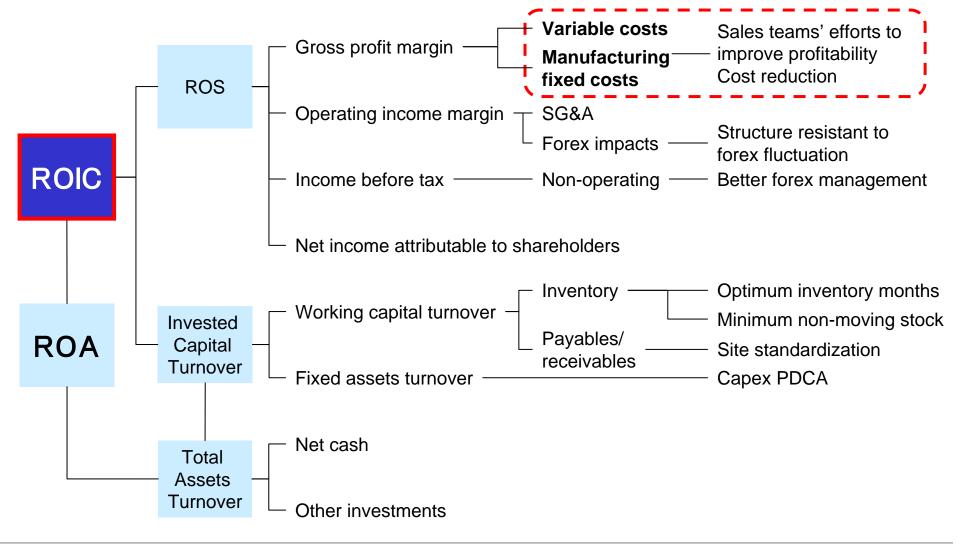


Management with focus on ROIC and other indicators.

Major Indicators	FY11	FY12 fcst		
Gross Profit Margin	36.8%	37.5%		
Operating Income Margin	6.5%	7.1%		
ROE	5.2%	8.5%		
ROIC	6.8%	7.7%		

2. Management: Indicators & Structure Reform



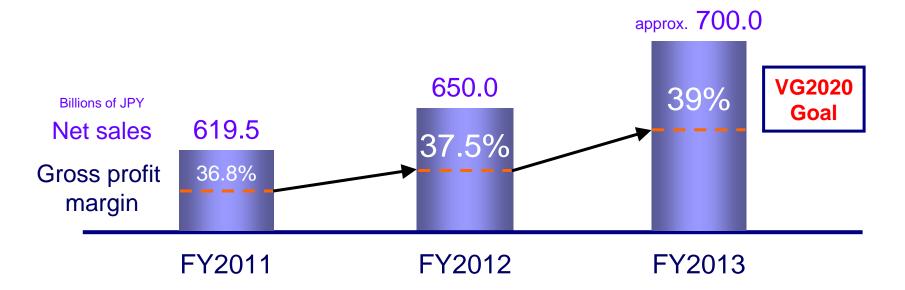


Sensing tomorrow™

2. Management: Profitability



Targeting FY13 gross profit margin of 39%

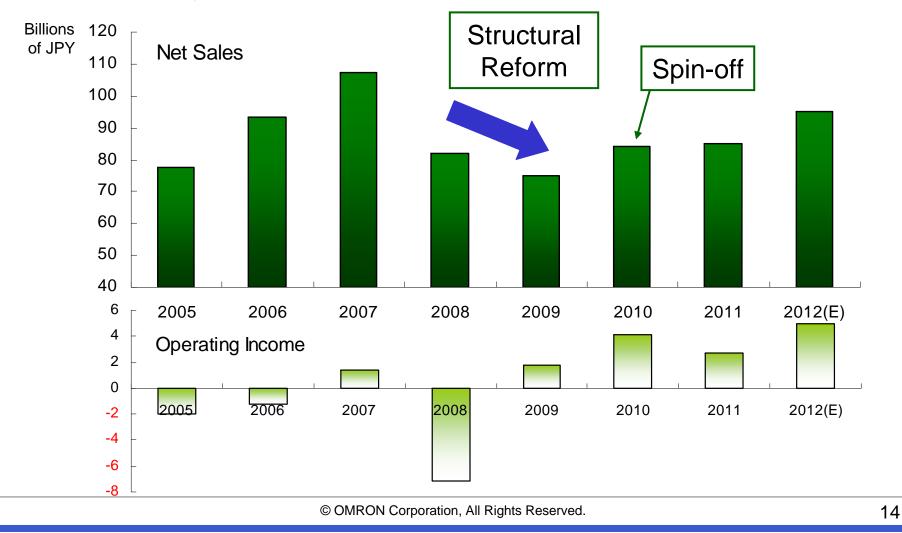


- Sales staff's efforts in profit improvement
- Smaller number of components, standardized system platform
- Less use of major raw materials, such as silver, copper and resin
- Introduction of automation in China and other Asian countries (lowcost automation)

2. Management: OP Improvement, AEC



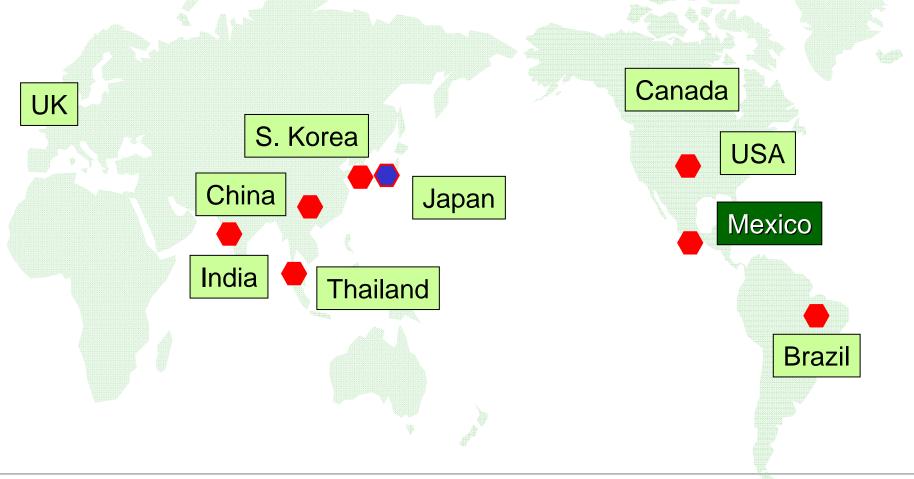
Automotive Electronic Components Business (AEC) went through structural reform and spin-off, and successfully transformed into profit-making business.



2. Management: Better Investment, AEC



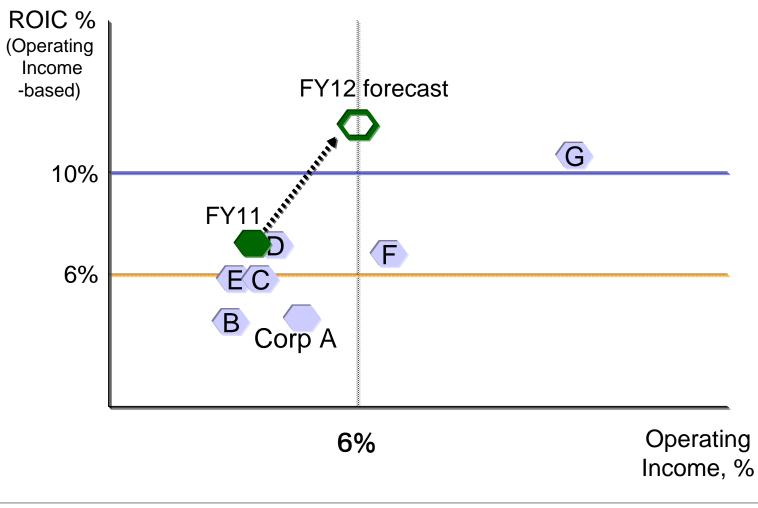
In addition to profit improvement, AEC is working on higher investment efficiency by closing/consolidating production sites, outsourcing and other measures.



2. Management: Better Investment, AEC



AEC's ROIC level is high compared with competitors.





Generation of Corporate Value 1. Business Growth 2. Stronger Management 3. Response to Changes

3. Response to Changes: Emergencies



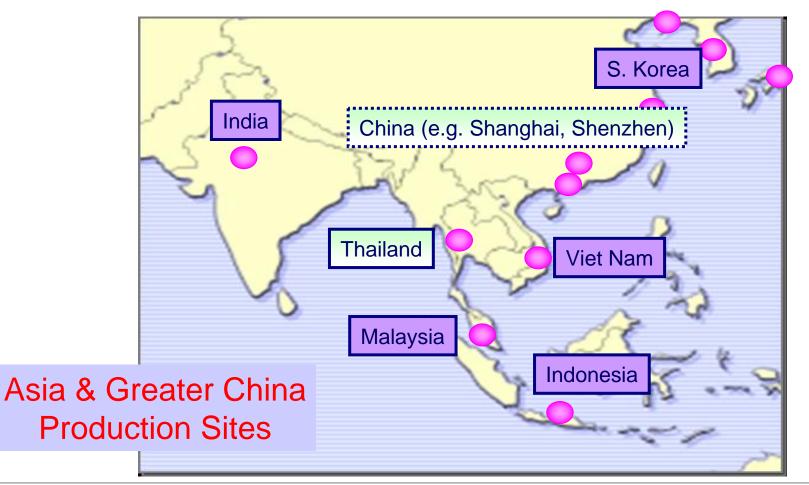
The Great East Japan Earthquake

Flooding in Thailand

3. Response to Changes: Measures Taken



- Omron fulfilled its responsibility as a supplier by parts procurement and alternative site production.
- Promoting multi-site production to avoid political and disaster risks.



3. Response to Changes: Risks as Opportunities



Omron will keep challenging itself in responding to external changes to become an even stronger company.



To Dos

- Team Omron bond
- Global business process reform
- Stronger and higher profitability through structural reform
- Balanced operation with multi-business portfolio

Investments & Returns: Priority



- Omron sees investments for growth more important for now.
- For shareholder returns, ready to flexibly take measures including buyback, considering M&A and other financial conditions.

		FY Unit	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	Total (FY01-11)
Net Income		bn JPY	-15.8	0.5	26.8	30.2	35.8	38.3	42.4	-29.2	3.5	26.8	16.4	175.7
Dividends	Annual, per share	JPY	13	10	20	24	30	34	42	25	17	30	28	273
	Annual, total	bn JPY	3.3	2.4	4.8	5.7	7.0	7.8	9.3	5.5	3.7	6.6	6.2	62.4
	Dividend payout ratio	%	-20.9%	475.3%	17.8%	18.9%	19.7%	20.5%	22.0%	-18.9%	106.4%	24.7%	37.6%	35.5%
Acquisition of treasury stock	Amount acquired	bn JPY	0.7	10.2	8.4	3.1	10.1	11.2	22.3	3.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	69.2
	Acquisition/net income ratio	%	-4.6%	2000.0%	31.4%	10.2%	28.2%	29.3%	52.7%	-10.3%	0.4%	0.5%	0.1%	39.4%
Total return ra (dividends & tro acquisition)		%	-25.4%	2475.3%	49.2%	29.1%	47.8%	49.7%	74.7%	-29.1%	106.7%	25.2%	37.7%	74.9%
DOE		%	1.1%	1.2%	1.1%	1.9%	1.7%	2.0%	2.2%	3.2%	1.0%	1.7%	2.1%	1.8%



Higher Corporate Value

Shareholder-Oriented Management

Thank you for your confidence in Omron's growth.



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*To subscribe to Omron IR email newsletter: Send us an email titled "subscribe".

Notes

- 1. The consolidated statements of Omron Corporation (the Company) are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 2. Projected results and future developments are based on information available to the Company at the current time, as well as certain assumptions judged by the Company to be reasonable. Various factors could cause actual results to differ materially from these projections. Major factors influencing Omron's actual results include, but are not limited to, (i) economic conditions affecting the Company's businesses in Japan and overseas, (ii) demand trends for the Company's products and services, (iii) the ability of the Company to develop new technologies and products, (iv) major changes in the fundraising environment, (v) tie-ups or cooperative relationships with other companies, (vi) movements in currency exchange rates and stock markets, and (vii) accidents and natural disasters.